

Control theory: (SNR)

Noise in the experiment (not necessarily optical)

temp, ^{laser pointing} mirror vibration, laser freq., laser intensity.

two approaches: 1. Passively isolate.

2. Actively stabilize \Rightarrow control feedback.

\Rightarrow Getting 20 dB at low freq. \Rightarrow trivial.

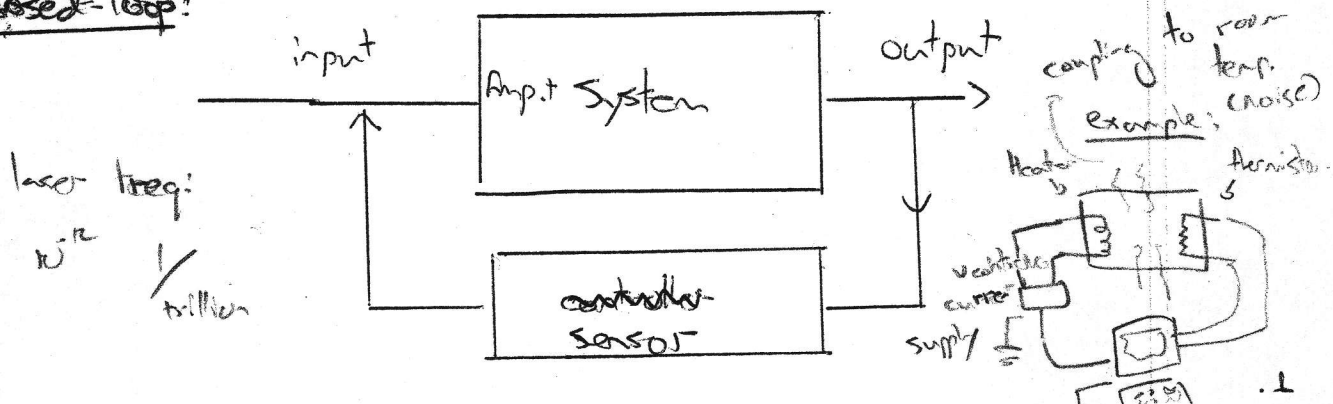
Classically no problem \Rightarrow measuring a physical parameter does not affect its value

\Rightarrow ~~One~~ strategy: measure the deviation from desired value and correct. \Rightarrow closed loop.

note: Qm this strategy will not work.

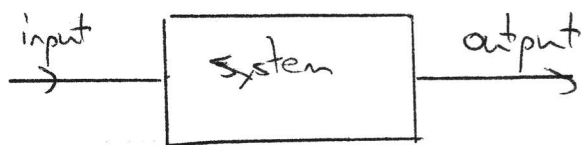
e.g.: don't try to feedback to ~~the~~ reduce shot noise

closed-loop:



How should we, mathematically, describe a closed loop system?
let's examine the simpler case,

How do we, mathematically, describe systems:



* input: $x(t)$ output $y(t)$

- input and output not necessarily be same units.

limit to linear, time invariant Diff. eq. systems:

$$\sum_{i=0}^n y^{(i)} a_i = a_0 y^{(n)} + a_1 y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_{n-1} \dot{y} + a_n y =$$
$$= b_0 x^{(n)} + b_1 x^{(n-1)} + \dots + b_{n-1} \dot{x} + b_n x = \sum_{j=0}^n b_j x^{(n-j)}$$

where $y^{(i)} = \frac{d^i y}{dt^i}$ etc.

with linear diff eq. \Rightarrow Laplace transform is a
great tool!