Abstract:

Children may learn about the world by pushing, banging, and manipulating things, watching and listening as materials make their distinctive sounds--dirt makes a thud; ceramic makes a clink. These sounds reveal physical properties of the objects, as well as the force and motion of the physical interaction.

We've explored a toy version of that learning-through-interaction by recording audio and video while we hit many things with a drumstick. We developed an algorithm to predict sounds from silent videos of the drumstick interactions. The algorithm uses a recurrent neural network to predict sound features from videos and then produces a waveform from these features with an example-based synthesis procedure. We demonstrate that the sounds generated by our model are realistic enough to fool participants in a "real or fake" psychophysical experiment, and that the task of predicting sounds allows our system to learn about material properties in the scene.

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